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2024. 04. 17. (Wed)



CONTENTS

Korea's Journey toward the new era with UAM and way forward

- 1 K-UAM Policy
- 2 K-UAM Regulatory Framework
- 3 UAM Team Korea
- 4 International Co-operation



1. K-UAM Policy





K-UAM Cornerstones

K-UAM Roadmap

20.6

▶ Policy Strategies for '25 Commercialization

Technology roadmap

'21.3

► Technologies required enabling feasible UAM Ecosystem



Preparation

· Law. Standard · Test, Demo

· Issue

Initial '25~'29

Commercializing

·Urban

Connected SVC

Growth

Expand routes

Downtown

· Break-even point

Mature **'**35

Public Transportation

Expand

Autonomous



Concept of Operation 1.0

Basis for UAM service: preparation for commercialization and enactment

Roles and Responsibilities

Operation Structure

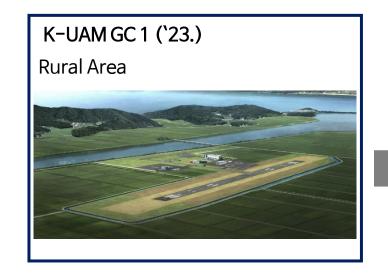
Operation Scenario

Test and Validation (K-UAM Grand Challenge)



K-UAM Grand Challenge (GC) Program

- **GC 1 & GC2**
 - Evaluate the safety and capability of UAM and analyze the gap under "K" environments to support building
 K-UAM regulatory framework and launching initial commercial service in `25
 - (GC-1) Evaluate basic performance and reliability of UAM elements at an isolated area
 - (GC-2) Gradually demonstrate the safety of an integrated UAM ecosystem at urban area







K-UAM Grand Challenge (GC) Program

- GC 1 participating Consortiums
 - GC-1 Participation: 6 integrated management consortiums
 - K-UAM GC 1 implementation : Aug. 2023 ~ (On Going)





































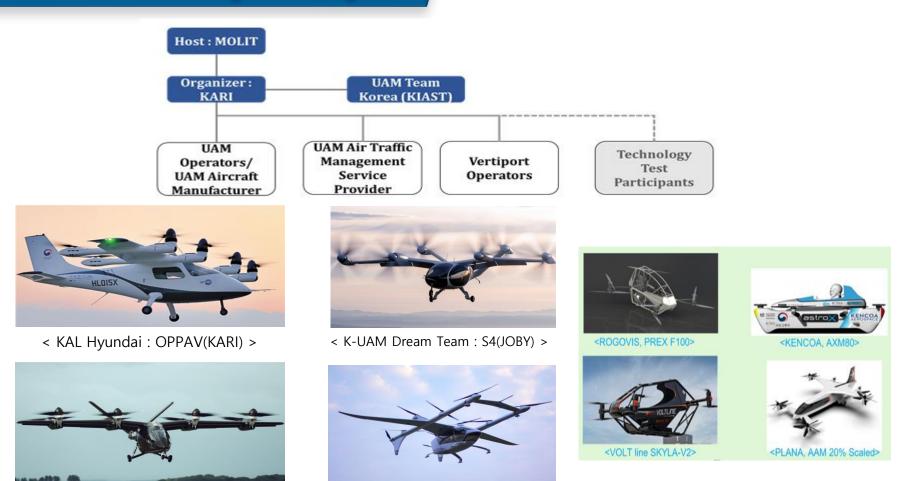






K-UAM Grand Challenge (GC) Program

< UAM Future Team : VX4(Vertical Aerospace) >



< UAMitra : Properity(Autoflight)>



K-UAM Grand Challenge (GC) Program

R&D①

Development of Virtual Integrated Operation platform program for UAM



- · (Period) 2022 ~ 2025
- (Purpose) To support initial commercialization of UAM ('25~), Establishment of a verification platform such as pre-operational capabilities and procedures
- (Contents) Develop and validate UAM virtual integrated operation platform that realized virtual flight environment

R&D②

Development of Surveillance Information Acquisition System for UAM



- · (Period) 2022 ~ 2025
- (Purpose) To support initial commercialization of UAM ('25~), acquiring surveillance information and developing reliability verification technology
- (Contents) Develop and validate flight surveillance information acquisition & sharing systems for UAM path deviation monitoring

R&D3

Development of Core Technologies for K-UAM Safety Operation System



- (Period) 2024 ~ 2026
- (Purpose) After growth period ('30~), Acquiring core technologies of the UAM traffic management and certification system to secure the safety operating system
- (Contents) Development design technology of UATM system based on real-time flight information / Vertiport integrated operation and Automated takeoff & landing guidance system

2. K-UAM Regulatory Framework





UAM law

- The need for UAM legislation
 - Current aviation regulations are complex and stringent
 - → Requiring bold regulatory exemptions for rapid and stable demonstration, Initial commercialization
 - Lack of institutions limits private sector's decision-making (e.g., investment decisions)
 - → Need to have a reasonable system
- Progression

Initiating a bill
Proposed bill 1 ('22.8.19.)
Proposed bill 2 ('22.10.4.)



(Done) Promulgation ('23.10.24.)



(In progress) Coming into effect ('24.4.25.)



Purpose of UAM law

- Concept Definitions
 - Definition of concepts related to UAM necessary for establishing a new industrial ecosystem, roles of various stakeholders, and the project execution system. (ex. UAM, Vertiport, Urban Corridor)
 - Establishment of basic plans, industry status surveys, UAM information systems, legal framework for committees and advisory bodies, etc.
- Deregulation of existing aviation laws
 - Establishment of a system for demonstration and pilot projects excluding the application of existing aviation laws.
 - → Exclusion/Mitigation of the application of existing aviation business/safety/securiety/airport facilities regulation within the demonstration project areas and pilot operation areas (Except essential safety related regulations)
- Administrative Support
 - Establishing legal grounds for workforce development, international cooperation, and finantial support to promote the UAM industry and create an ecosystem.



Aviation law vs UAM law

	Aviation law	UAM law (new concepts)
Safety	Aviation Safety Act (Based on Existing aircraft safety standards)	Establish new concept of air traffic , such as exclusive corridors and traffic management
Security	Aviation Security Act (Focus on Aircraft and Airports)	Simplify security procedures for "UAM Aircraft" and "Vertiports"
Business	Aviation Business Act (Focus on Air Carrier)	Establish new UAM providers (operator, vertiport, traffic management, etc.) standards
Facility	Airport Facilities Act (Government-led construction/operation)	Private can participate to construct/operate transport facilities, mixed-use developments, etc.



Deregulation of Aviation laws

- The Aviation Safety Act, the Aviation Business Act, the Airport Facilities Act, and the Aviation Security Act do not apply to UAM service providers conducting pilot projects in test area, except for the following matters*.

 (* Essential safety standard)
 - ⇒ Matters under each subparagraph may be mitigated and applied after deliberation by the National Transportation Committee.

Category	Contents		
Certifications	Airworthiness Standards, Type Certificate, Airworthiness Certificate, Noise Certificate, etc.		
Qualifications	Types, Scope of services, Testing and Exemptions, Flight simulators, etc. for Personnel licensing		
Air Operation Safety	Radio equipment, Flight instruments, Fuel, Flight crew experience, Fatigue management, Mandatory/Voluntary aviation safety reporting, Authority of PIC, Takeoff & Landing area, Flight rules, etc.		
Air Operate Certificate	Air Operator Certificate including operating standards (operating conditions and limitations)		

3. UAM Team Korea







Incheon Metropolitan City | 기를 경기도





Key **Partici** pating

(57)

General

Partici

pating

(107)



Industry







Voltline

*** *** ***

Boeing KOREA

ROVIGOS



Academia

SEOUL NATIONAL UNIVERSITY

KONKUK

UNIVERSITY

INHA UNIVERSITY

College of

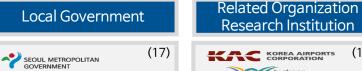
Natural Sciences

KAIST

(7)

Government Ministry Ministry of National Defense Ministy of Economy BUSAN GWANGJUCITY and Finance DAEJEON METROPOLITAN CITY Ministy of Science and ICT Jeju Jeju Special Self-Governing Province 영상남도 Ministy of Trade, Industry and Energy Korea Meteorological Administration Ministy of SMEs and Startups





(1)



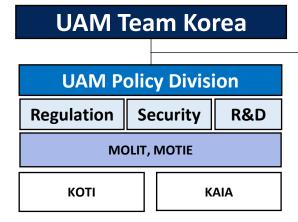
Korea Meteorological Institute (22) Institute for Aerospace Industry-Academia Collaboration Ulsan Technopark Korea Testing Laboratory Korea Research Institute of Ships & Ocean Engineering Korea Electronics Tehnology Institute Telecommunications Technology Association Korea Air Traffic Controllers' Asso cation

3. UAM Team Korea



UAM law supporting group





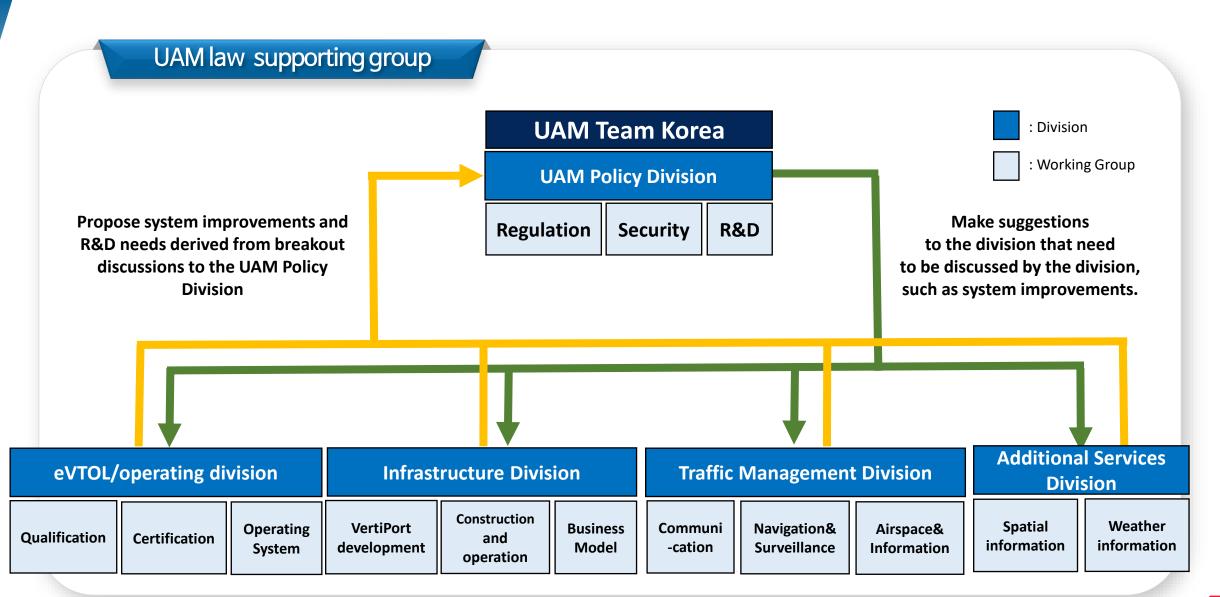
< UTK Secretariat > KARI, KIAST

eVTOL/operating division			Infrastructure Division		
Qualifi- cation	Certification	Operating System	Vertiport development	Vertiport Construction	Business Model
2 Divisions (MOLIT)	3 Divisions (MOLIT)	2 Divisions (MOLIT)	4 Divisions (MOLIT)	3 Divisions (MOLIT)	1 Division (MOLIT)
TS	KIAST	IIAC	LH	KARI	коті
16 organizations	25 organizations	21 organizations	52 organizations	53 organizations	30 organizations
16	25	21	52	53	30

Traffic N	lanagement	Add' Services Division		
Communi- cation	Navigation & Surveillance	Airspace & Information	Spatial information	Weather information
4 Divisions (MOLIT, MSIT)	2 Divisions (MOLIT)	3 Divisions (MOLIT, MND)	2 Divisions (MOLIT)	2 Divisions (MOLIT,KMA)
KARI	KIAST	КАС	LX	KMITI
17 organizations	20 organizations	30 organizations	20 organizations	17 organizations

3. UAM Team Korea





3. UAM Team Korea



UAM law supporting group



Divisions and Working Groups

- Establishment of 5 practical divisions and 14 working groups
- Assignment of relevant departments to each working group and matching with related public institutions and government-funded research agencies (lead agencies).

UAM Policy 3 WGs

- A center platform for policy discussions (regulation, R&D, Security) developed from 4 divisions (11 working group)
- ⇒ Reflect policy discussions and propose necessary improvements to each division.

eVTOL and Operations 3 WGs

- Research on UAM eVTOL-related standards (VTOL classification, certification standards) and institutional improvement.
- Research and draft preparation of operation standards (operational certification, personnel qualifications, etc.).

Infrastructure 3 WGs

- Preparation of drafts for vertiport design and operation standards, qualifications for vertiport developers, etc.
- Research on **UAM business models** and ways to establish a **transfer system**.

Traffic Management 3 WGs

- Research on the UAM communication, navigation, and surveillance systems, as well as procedures for traffic management.
- Development of initial aeronautical information and service support methods.

Additional Service 2 WGs

• Research on the establishment and provision of information networks for spatial and weather information necessary for UAM operations.

4. Interantional Co-operation



4. International co-operation



UAM CO-OP'



[FAA and KOCA sign a declaration of mutual cooperation on UAMs] (Jan. 2023~)

UAM certification, pilot qualification, concept of operation, demonstration projects, etc.



[US FAA Roundtable] (Sep. 2021~)

Cooperation on research and development projects such as UAM traffic management system, etc.



[ICAO AAM Study Group (SG)] (May. 2023~)

UAM-related international standardization study group with members from 15 countries and others.



[Korea-EU Aviation Partnership Project (APP)] (Dec. 2021~)

• UAM mutual safety & tech information sharing, development air navigation plan and other coop.

Q&A

